

Specialty Out-Patient Referral Request Checklist

(This information, which is recommended to be included **with all referrals**, can be communicated through any of several means including a paper-based referral form, detailed clinical note from last appointment or a template within the Electronic Medical Record)

1. Patient demographics and scheduling information

- a. Patient name, demographics, and contact information (including surrogate if appropriate)
- b. Considerations that may require special arrangements by the consultant such as severe vision or hearing loss, non-English language preference, cognitive deficits, cultural factors, preference regarding who to include in treatment planning etc.
- c. Insurance company name/type of coverage
- d. Referring provider name and contact information (including method for direct contact for urgent issues)
- e. Indicate that patient (or surrogate) understands and agrees with the purpose of the referral.
- f. If a face-to-face appointment is requested, indicate whether: (Choose one)
_____ the patient will call to schedule an appointment
_____ the specialty practice should contact the patient

2. Referral information

- a. Indicate the specific clinical question including a brief summary of the most relevant clinical information as it relates to your overall care plan.
- b. Urgency: (Choose one)
_____ Urgent: (local definition; often 1-2 days) Recommend direct communication between referring and referral practice; Minimally provide written justification for urgency
_____ Subacute (local definition; often 1-2 weeks)
_____ Routine
- c. Pending subspecialist/specialist evaluation, the anticipated referral-type is: (Choose one)
_____ Previsit Advice *
_____ Non Face-to-Face (information-only) consultation **
_____ Consultation (Evaluate and Advise, with the goal to managing the problem remaining with the referring clinician)
_____ Procedural Consultation
_____ Co-Management with Shared Care (Referring clinician (e.g. PCP) maintains first call for the referral disorder) ***
_____ Co-Management with Principal Care (Referred to subspecialist/specialist assumes first call for the referral disorder) ****
_____ Please assume Full Responsibility for Complete Transfer of all Patient Care
- d. Pertinent Data Set: Clinical information **directly relevant** to the referral question. May include results of recent office visit; care summaries; relevant lab and imaging data and/or specific clinical information requested by the referred to specialty/subspecialty practice prior to the consult. ***Please refer to the pertinent data set recommendations for select specific conditions developed by medical societies that participated in the***

American College of Physicians' High Value Care Coordination (HVCC) project available at http://hvc.acponline.org/physres_data_sets.html

- 3. Patient's Core (general) data set: (Should be included with all referrals as an aspirational goal):**
 - a. Active problem list
 - b. Updated medication list; medical allergies
 - c. Summary of any significant medical and surgical history not previously specified
 - d. Summary of any significant family history not previously specified.
 - e. Summary of any significant behavioral habits/social history not previously specified.
 - f. List of providers (care team)
- 4. Care Coordination**
 - a. Referring practice requests notification from the specialty practice of the following: (circle any applicable)
 - Receipt of the referral
 - Date of scheduled appointment
 - Decision to defer appointment and reason why
 - Patient cancellation or no-show for the appointment
 - b. Referrals made from one non-primary care specialty to another (e.g. secondary referrals) are advised to include the notification of the patient's primary care clinician with patient consent.

*Previsit Advice--- previsit preparation or assistance which can take place before any type of referral can include establishment of referral guidelines; request for guidance regarding whether referral is to appropriate subspecialty/specialty; and guidance for pre-visit work-up. If referring and referred to practice have an on-going relationship, best to handle these issues through a formal care coordination agreement.

**Non Face-to-Face consultation: An information-only exchange intended to address a discrete question in lieu of an office visit. Depending upon the organization, these may be electronic, phone, or video-based exchanges between the referring provider and the subspecialist/specialist. Non face-to-face consultations should allow the subspecialist/specialist to convert the request to an office consultation for reasons of case complexity.

***Shared care indicates that the care of the referred patient for a specified condition or set of conditions is shared between the referring clinician and the subspecialist/ specialist with the referrer assuming responsibility for most of the elements of care for the specified condition, unless other arrangements agreed upon.

**** Principal care indicates that the care of the referred patient for a specified condition or set of conditions is managed by the subspecialist/specialist with assumption of the elements of care for that condition, unless other arrangements are agreed upon.