

State Profiles: Impacts of Repealing the Affordable Care Act

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Alabama

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>262,000 people in the state of Alabama would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 52.7%.
- 942,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Alabama have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 33% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Alabama is expected to increase by \$723 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: 4,950 in Alabama

o Iron Workers: 1,560 in Alabama

o **Security Guards**: <u>12,730</u> in Alabama

o Taxi Drivers: 1,030 in Alabama

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Alaska

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>57,000 people in the state of Alaska would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 47.7%.
- 107,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Alaska have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 23% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Alaska is expected to increase by \$125.4 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>770</u> in Alaska

o Iron Workers: 320 in Alaska

o Security Guards: 2,030 in Alaska

o Taxi Drivers: 390 in Alaska

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Arizona

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>596,000 people in the state of Arizona would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 77.2%.
- 1,043,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Arizona have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 26% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Arizona is expected to increase by \$1.4 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>6,610</u> in Arizona

o Iron Workers: 1,080 in Arizona

o Security Guards: 23,070 in Arizona

o Taxi Drivers: 4,540 in Arizona

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Arkansas

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>328,000 people in the state of Arkansas would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 150.5%.
- <u>556,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Arkansas have a declinable preexisting condition</u>.²
 - o This represents 32% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Arkansas is expected to increase by \$900 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: 2,460 in Arkansas

o Iron Workers: 830 in Arkansas

o **Security Guards**: <u>6,200</u> in Arkansas

o Taxi Drivers: 1,570 in Arkansas

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



California

- With repeal of the ACA, 4,148,000 people in the state of California would lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 122.6%.
- 5,865,000 non-elderly adults in the state of California have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 24% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in California is expected to increase by \$9.4 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: 34,100 in California

o Iron Workers: 6,100 in California

o **Security Guards**: <u>151,130</u> in California

o Taxi Drivers: <u>13,910</u> in California

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Colorado

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>441,000 people in the state of Colorado would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 98.6%.
- 753,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Colorado have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 22% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Colorado is expected to increase by \$1.34 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>5,090</u> in Colorado

o Iron Workers: 900 in Colorado

o **Security Guards**: <u>14,550</u> in Colorado

o Taxi Drivers: 2,530 in Colorado

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Connecticut

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>187,000 people in the state of Connecticut would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 92.3%.
- 522,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Connecticut have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 24% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Connecticut is expected to increase by \$892 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: 3,180 in Connecticut

o Iron Workers: 490 in Connecticut

o Security Guards: <u>11,480</u> in Connecticut

o Taxi Drivers: 3,990 in Connecticut

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Delaware

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>42,000 people in the state of Delaware would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 67.3%.
- 163,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Delaware have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 29% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Delaware is expected to increase by \$196.1 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 480 in Delaware

o Iron Workers: 170 in Delaware

o **Security Guards**: <u>3,590</u> in Delaware

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>490</u> in Delaware

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



District of Columbia

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>17,000 people in the District of Columbia would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 53.1%.
- 106,000 non-elderly adults in the District of Columbia have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 23% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in the District of Columbia is expected to increase by \$75.8 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:
 - o Iron Workers: 230 in District of Columbia
 - o **Security Guards**: <u>13,110</u> in District of Columbia
 - o Taxi Drivers: 480 in District of Columbia

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Florida

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>1,778,000 people in the state of Florida would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 70.2%.
- 3,116,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Florida have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 26% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Florida is expected to increase by \$4.73 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: 23,640 in Florida

o Iron Workers: 3,890 in Florida

o **Security Guards**: <u>82,860</u> in Florida

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>10,030</u> in Florida

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Georgia

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>833,000 people in the state of Georgia would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - This represents an increase of 55.7%.
- 1,791,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Georgia have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 29% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Georgia is expected to increase by \$1.99 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>12,600</u> in Georgia

o Iron Workers: 1,260 in Georgia

o **Security Guards**: <u>30,690</u> in Georgia

o Taxi Drivers: 3,070 in Georgia

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Hawai'i

- With repeal of the ACA, 67,000 people in the state of Hawai'i would lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 76%.
- 209,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Hawai'i have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 24% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Hawai'i is expected to increase by \$155 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

Firefighters: <u>1,930</u> in Hawai'i

o Iron Workers: 170 in Hawai'i

Security Guards: 9,920 in Hawai'i

o Taxi Drivers: 1,200 in Hawai'i

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Idaho

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>127,000 people in the state of Idaho would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 67.1%.
- 238,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Idaho have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 25% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Idaho is expected to increase by \$349 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

Firefighters: <u>1,960</u> in Idaho
 Iron Workers: 470 in Idaho

Security Guards: 2,410 in Idaho

O Security Guards. 2,410 III dan

o Taxi Drivers: 660 in Idaho

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Illinois

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>942,000 people in the state of Illinois would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 103.8%.
- 2,038,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Illinois have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 26% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Illinois is expected to increase by \$3.06 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>18,030</u> in Illinois

o Iron Workers: 2,750 in Illinois

o Security Guards: 49,250 in Illinois

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>6,710</u> in Illinois

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Indiana

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>493,000 people in the state of Indiana would lose</u>
 their health coverage.¹
 - This represents an increase of 87%.
- 1,175,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Indiana have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 30% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Indiana is expected to increase by \$1.7 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: 8,040 in Indiana

o Iron Workers: 1,970 in Indiana

o Security Guards: 17,880 in Indiana

o Taxi Drivers: 2,910 in Indiana

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



lowa

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>166,000 people in the state of Iowa would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 103.6%.
- 448,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Iowa have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 24% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in lowa is expected to increase by \$498 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

Firefighters: 1,860 in IowaIron Workers: 850 in Iowa

o **Security Guards**: <u>5,780</u> in Iowa

o Taxi Drivers: 1,960 in Iowa

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Kansas

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>144,000 people in the state of Kansas would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 43.8%.
- 504,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Kansas have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 30% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Kansas is expected to increase by \$629 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

Firefighters: 3,550 in KansasIron Workers: 340 in Kansas

o **Security Guards**: 6,080 in Kansas

o Taxi Drivers: 1,090 in Kansas

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Kentucky

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>436,000 people in the state of Kentucky would</u>
 lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 174.5%.
- 881,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Kentucky have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 33% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Kentucky is expected to increase by \$1.068 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: 3,150 in Kentucky

o **Iron Workers**: <u>1,070</u> in Kentucky

o Security Guards: 10,820 in Kentucky

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>1,840</u> in Kentucky

Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Louisiana

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>457,000 people in the state of Louisiana would</u>
 lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 124%.
- 849,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Louisiana have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 30% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Louisiana is expected to increase by \$1.135 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>6,280</u> in Louisiana

o **Iron Workers**: 2,980 in Louisiana

o Security Guards: 18,170 in Louisiana

o **Taxi Drivers**: 2,780 in Louisiana

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Maine

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>70,000 people in the state of Maine would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 90.3%.
- 229,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Maine have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 29% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Maine is expected to increase by \$341.1 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: 2,020 in Maine

o Iron Workers: <u>140</u> in Maine

o **Security Guards**: <u>1,820</u> in Maine

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>670</u> in Maine

Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Maryland

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>377,000 people in the state of Maryland would</u>
 lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 93.6%.
- 975,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Maryland have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 26% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Maryland is expected to increase by \$927 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 3,830 in Maryland

o Iron Workers: 1,090 in Maryland

o **Security Guards**: 28,680 in Maryland

o Taxi Drivers: 5,000 in Maryland

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Massachusetts

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>238,000 people in the state of STATE would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 173.3%.
- <u>999,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Massachusetts have a</u> <u>declinable preexisting condition</u>.²
 - o This represents 24% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Massachusetts is expected to increase by \$789.1 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: <u>12,110</u> in Massachusetts

o **Iron Workers**: <u>1,130</u> in Massachusetts

o Security Guards: 21,130 in Massachusetts

o Taxi Drivers: 8,330 in Massachusetts

Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Michigan

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>718,000 people in the state of Michigan would</u>
 lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 141.3%.
- 1,687,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Michigan have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 28% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Michigan is expected to increase by \$2.268 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

Firefighters: 5,510 in Michigan
 Iron Workers: 1,220 in Michigan

o Security Guards: 23,960 in Michigan

o **Taxi Drivers**: 3,970 in Michigan

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

Prepared by the Division of Governmental Affairs and Public Policy, December 20, 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Minnesota

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>244,000 people in the state of Minnesota would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 76.6%.
- 744,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Minnesota have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 22% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Minnesota is expected to increase by \$1.276 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 5,680 in Minnesota

o Iron Workers: 1,300 in Minnesota

o Security Guards: 10,550 in Minnesota

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>4,320</u> in Minnesota

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Mississippi

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>191,000 people in the state of Mississippi would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 54.2%.
- 595,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Mississippi have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 34% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Mississippi is expected to increase by \$544 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>2,710</u> in Mississippi

o **Iron Workers**: <u>630</u> in Mississippi

o Security Guards: 9,890 in Mississippi

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>930</u> in Mississippi

1 Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Missouri

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>370,000 people in the state of Missouri would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - This represents an increase of 67.2%.
- 1,090,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Missouri have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 30% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Missouri is expected to increase by \$1.518 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>7,280</u> in Missouri

o Iron Workers: 1,100 in Missouri

o Security Guards: 16,360 in Missouri

o Taxi Drivers: 3,150 in Missouri

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Montana

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>110,000 people in the state of Montana would</u>
 lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 127.4%.
- 152,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Montana have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 25% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Montana is expected to increase by \$291 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 340 in Montana

o Security Guards: 1,720 in Montana

o Taxi Drivers: 610 in Montana

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Nebraska

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>94,000 people in the state of Nebraska would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 61.1%.
- 275,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Nebraska have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 25% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Nebraska is expected to increase by \$291.1 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>1,100</u> in Nebraska

o Iron Workers: <u>930</u> in Nebraska

o **Security Guards**: 4,520 in Nebraska

o Taxi Drivers: 950 in Nebraska

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Nevada

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>340,000 people in the state of Nevada would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 83.3%.
- 439,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Nevada have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 25% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Nevada is expected to increase by \$985 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

Firefighters: <u>1,660</u> in Nevada
 Iron Workers: 260 in Nevada

o Security Guards: 20,730 in Nevada

o Taxi Drivers: 12,040 in Nevada

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



New Hampshire

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>92,000 people in the state of New Hampshire</u> would lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 147.7%.
- 201,000 non-elderly adults in the state of New Hampshire have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 24% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in New Hampshire is expected to increase by \$328.3 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 1,760 in New Hampshire

o **Iron Workers**: <u>150</u> in New Hampshire

o Security Guards: 2,430 in New Hampshire

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>1,020</u> in New Hampshire

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



New Jersey

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>701,000 people in the state of New Jersey would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 107.2%.
- 1,234,000 non-elderly adults in the state of New Jersey have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 23% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in New Jersey is expected to increase by \$1.899 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>5,300</u> in New Jersey

o **Iron Workers**: <u>1,160</u> in New Jersey

o **Security Guards**: <u>37,090</u> in New Jersey

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>7,730</u> in New Jersey

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



New Mexico

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>246,000 people in the state of New Mexico would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 124.8%.
- 332,000 non-elderly adults in the state of New Mexico have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 27% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in New Mexico is expected to increase by \$529.6 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 1,630 in New Mexico

o **Iron Workers**: <u>300</u> in New Mexico

o Security Guards: 6,380 in New Mexico

Taxi Drivers: <u>1,220</u> in New Mexico

Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



New York

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>884,000 people in the state of New York would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 57.7%.
- 3,031,000 non-elderly adults in the state of New York have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 25% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in New York is expected to increase by \$2.893 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>10,970</u> in New York

o **Iron Workers**: <u>4,840</u> in New York

o Security Guards: <u>113,490</u> in New York

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>14,700</u> in New York

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



North Carolina

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>791,000 people in the state of North Carolina</u> would lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 66.5%.
- 1,658,000 non-elderly adults in the state of North Carolina have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 27% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in North Carolina is expected to increase by \$2.062 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 14,530 in North Carolina

o Iron Workers: 1,250 in North Carolina

o Security Guards: 27,150 in North Carolina

o Taxi Drivers: 3,460 in North Carolina

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



North Dakota

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>45,000 people in the state of North Dakota would</u> <u>lose their health coverage</u>.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 98.7%.
- 111,000 non-elderly adults in the state of North Dakota have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 24% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in North Dakota is expected to increase by \$186.9 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 300 in North Dakota

o Iron Workers: 330 in North Dakota

o Security Guards: 1,630 in North Dakota

o Taxi Drivers: 840 in North Dakota

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Ohio

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>807,000 people in the state of Ohio would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 129.1%.
- 1,919,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Ohio have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 28% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Ohio is expected to increase by \$2.405 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

Firefighters: <u>19,030</u> in Ohio
 Iron Workers: <u>2,540</u> in Ohio

o Security Guards: 31,000 in Ohio

o Taxi Drivers: 6,370 in Ohio

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Oklahoma

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>247,000 people in the state of Oklahoma would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 45.6%.
- 706,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Oklahoma have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 31% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Oklahoma is expected to increase by \$894 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: 3,390 in Oklahoma

o Iron Workers: 710 in Oklahoma

o Security Guards: <u>10,900</u> in Oklahoma

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>1,490</u> in Oklahoma

Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Oregon

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>397,000 people in the state of Oregon would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 151.8%.
- 654,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Oregon have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 27% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Oregon is expected to increase by \$1.087 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: 3,280 in Oregon

o **Iron Workers**: <u>430</u> in Oregon

o **Security Guards**: <u>7,920</u> in Oregon

o Taxi Drivers: 1,620 in Oregon

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Pennsylvania

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>728,000 people in the state of Pennsylvania would</u>
 lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 100.6%.
- 2,045,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Pennsylvania have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 27% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Pennsylvania is expected to increase by \$1.856 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 5,110 in Pennsylvania

o Iron Workers: 1,550 in Pennsylvania

o Security Guards: 43,620 in Pennsylvania

Taxi Drivers: <u>7,780</u> in Pennsylvania

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Rhode Island

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>79,000 people in the state of Rhode Island would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 136.5%.
- 164,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Rhode Island have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 25% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Rhode Island is expected to increase by \$186 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

• Firefighters: 1,880 in Rhode Island

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>440</u> in Rhode Island

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



South Carolina

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>273,000 people in the state of South Carolina</u> would lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 43.8%.
- 822,000 non-elderly adults in the state of South Carolina have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 28% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in South Carolina is expected to increase by \$655 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 5,270 in South Carolina

o Iron Workers: 720 in South Carolina

o Security Guards: <u>13,770</u> in South Carolina

Taxi Drivers: <u>1,650</u> in South Carolina

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



South Dakota

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>36,000 people in the state of South Dakota would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 43.4%.
- 126,000 non-elderly adults in the state of South Dakota have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 25% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in South Dakota is expected to increase by \$130 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 550 in South Dakota

o **Iron Workers**: <u>900</u> in South Dakota

o Security Guards: 1,160 in South Dakota

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>650</u> in South Dakota

Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Tennessee

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>372,000 people in the state of Tennessee would</u>
 lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 54.2%.
- 1,265,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Tennessee have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 32% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Tennessee is expected to increase by \$949 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 5,390 in Tennessee

o **Iron Workers**: <u>1,250</u> in Tennessee

o **Security Guards**: <u>22,630</u> in Tennessee

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>2,540</u> in Tennessee

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Texas

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>2,124,000 people in the state of Texas would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 47.4%.
- 4,536,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Texas have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 27% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Texas is expected to increase by \$4.62 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

Firefighters: 27,890 in TexasIron Workers: 6,380 in Texas

o **Security Guards**: <u>88,450</u> in Texas

o Taxi Drivers: <u>11,820</u> in Texas

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Utah

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>179,000 people in the state of Utah would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 52.4%.
- 391,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Utah have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 23% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Utah is expected to increase by \$545 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

Firefighters: 2,900 in Utah
 Iron Workers: 1,570 in Utah
 Security Guards: 5,660 in Utah

o Taxi Drivers: 1,230 in Utah

Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Vermont

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>22,000 people in the state of Vermont would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - This represents an increase of 81%.
- 96,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Vermont have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 25% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Vermont is expected to increase by \$109 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>190</u> in Vermont

o Iron Workers: 70 in Vermont

o **Security Guards**: <u>1,150</u> in Vermont

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>540</u> in Vermont

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Virginia

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>487,000 people in the state of Virginia would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 54.1%.
- 1,344,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Virginia have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 26% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Virginia is expected to increase by \$1.589 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>9,240</u> in Virginia

o Iron Workers: 1,490 in Virginia

o Security Guards: 31,490 in Virginia

o Taxi Drivers: 4,540 in Virginia

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Washington

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>648,000 people in the state of Washington would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 124.2%.
- 1,095,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Washington have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 25% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Washington is expected to increase by \$2.077 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 8,000 in Washington

o **Iron Workers:** <u>1,420</u> in Washington

o Security Guards: 19,850 in Washington

o **Taxi Drivers**: 3,960 in Washington

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



West Virginia

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>172,000 people in the state of West Virginia would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 194.8%.
- 392,000 non-elderly adults in the state of West Virginia have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 36% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in West Virginia is expected to increase by \$491.9 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o Firefighters: 850 in West Virginia

o Iron Workers: 420 in West Virginia

o Security Guards: 5.330 in West Virginia

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>690</u> in West Virginia

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Wisconsin

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>321,000 people in the state of Wisconsin would</u> lose their health coverage.¹
 - o This represents an increase of 104.7%.
- 852,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Wisconsin have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 25% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Wisconsin is expected to increase by \$1.051 billion.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: <u>9,320</u> in Wisconsin

o Iron Workers: 1,070 in Wisconsin

o **Security Guards**: <u>11,060</u> in Wisconsin

o **Taxi Drivers**: <u>5,050</u> in Wisconsin

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

³ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.



Wyoming

- With repeal of the ACA, <u>33,000 people in the state of Wyoming would lose</u> their health coverage.¹
 - This represents an increase of 53.2%.
- 94,000 non-elderly adults in the state of Wyoming have a declinable preexisting condition.²
 - o This represents 27% of non-elderly adults.
- As a result of the loss of coverage due to ACA repeal, the cost of uncompensated care in Wyoming is expected to increase by \$168.5 million.³
- Before ACA, insurers in many states were allowed to automatically deny coverage on the individual market for those with high-risk occupations.
 Some of these careers include⁴:

o **Firefighters**: 460 in Wyoming

o Iron Workers: 200 in Wyoming

o Security Guards: <u>1,080</u> in Wyoming

Taxi Drivers: <u>500</u> in Wyoming

¹ Buettgens, Matthew, Linda Blumberg, John Holahan, and Siyabonga Ndwandwe. "The Cost of ACA Repeal." The Urban Institute. June 2016.

² Claxton, Gary, Cynthia Cox, Anthony Damico, Larry Levitt, and Karen Pollitz. "Pre-existing Conditions and Medical Underwriting in the Individual Insurance Market Prior to the ACA." Kaiser Family Foundation. December 12, 2016.

⁴ United States. Department of Labor. Bureau of Labor Statistics. Occupational Employment Statistics. May 2015.