BOR Action on Fall 2018 BOG Resolutions Now Available

A summary of Board of Regents (BOR) actions on fall 2018 Board of Governors (BOG) resolutions debated at the November ACP Board of Regents (BOR) meeting is available below. Resolutions initiated by ACP members and endorsed by a chapter council and the BOG become ACP policy when adopted by the BOR.

If you have an idea you'd like to suggest to ACP, consider submitting a resolution to your Governor or local ACP chapter. Visit your <u>ACP chapter website</u> for more information on how to contact your Governor or chapter staff about proposing a resolution.

1	Adopted and referred for implementation (See lines 37-50; 213-229; 68-99; and 122-128):
2	5-F17. Measuring the Association between Medicare's Nonpayment Policy and the Injurious Inpatient
3	Falls Outcome Addressed by the Hospital-Acquired Conditions (HACs) Initiative
4	5-F18. Promoting the High Value Provided by Primary Care Internists
5	7-F18. Petitioning to Change Tramadol from DEA Schedule IV to Schedule III
6	8-F18. Improving Reimbursement for Cognitive Services
7	10-F18. Reimbursing Tetanus Vaccinations for Better Patient Care
8	13-F18. Developing ACP Policy Opposing the Requirement for Ninety-Day Prescribing in Order That
9	Prescriptions be Covered by Insurance Companies
10	16-F18. Advocating for Immunity from Federal Prosecution for Patients and Physicians in States That
11	Allow Use of Medical Marijuana
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13	Adopted as BOR-amended and referred for implementation (See lines 131-153 and 176-210):
14	1-F18. Modifying the ACP BOG Resolutions Process to Include an Electronic Vote Count and Summary of
15	Dissenting Opinions
16	3-F18. Developing ACP Policy Calling for Transparency and Community Learning Towards Physician
17	Suicide Prevention
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19	Adopted as a reaffirmation (See lines 53-65 and 102-119):
20	4-F18. Energizing the Patients Before Paperwork Project
21	14-F18. Calling Upon the ACP to Publicly Support the Consensus Statement Recently Prepared by a Collection of
22	Medical/Health Care Associations Requesting Improvement in the Prior Authorization Process
23	15-F18. Seeking Legislation to Require Medicare Advantage, Medicaid, and Commercial Insurers Pay for
24	Advance Care Planning
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Referred for Study (See lines 156-173 and 252-274):

- 2-F18. Establishing a Council of Independent Practice Internists
- 9-F18. Paying for Physician Performance rather than Patient Performance

30 Not Adopted (See lines 232-249):

- 6-F18. Elevating the Benefits of the Patient-Physician Relationship throughout the College's Work
- 33 The Board of Regents
- <u>Voted:</u> to approve, as a Consent Calendar, recommendations regarding the disposition of the following
 resolutions adopted at the Fall 2018 Board of Governors Meeting:
 - Resolution 5-F17. Measuring the Association between Medicare's Nonpayment Policy and the Injurious Inpatient Falls Outcome Addressed by the Hospital-Acquired Conditions (HACs) Initiative (Adopted and referred to the Medical Practice and Quality Committee for implementation with input from the Medical Informatics Committee and the Performance Measurement Committee):

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RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents advocates for data collection to measure the association between Medicare's nonpayment policy and the injurious inpatient falls outcome addressed by the hospital-acquired conditions (HACs) initiative; and be it further RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents asks CMS that early mobility be considered as a performance measure to be tested and validated; and be it further RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents advocate for data collection to describe how implementation of an early mobilization measure interacts with the falls indicator. Resolution 4-F18. Energizing the Patients Before Paperwork Project (Adopted as reaffirmation of College policy): RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents energizes the Patients Before Paperwork Project and elevates this project as its highest priority in terms of strategic planning; and be it further RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents develops specific short and long term goals to be accomplished in the "Patients Before Paperwork" campaign and develops a clear and specific regulatory and legislative strategy to accomplish these goals with increased resources; and be it further RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents develops a communication strategy that frequently informs the membership and engages the membership in this endeavor. Resolution 7-F18. Petitioning to Change Tramadol from DEA Schedule IV to Schedule III (Adopted and referred to the Health and Public Policy Committee for implementation):

RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents petitions the United States Drug Enforcement Administration to change tramadol from a Schedule IV to a Schedule III controlled substance.

Resolution 8-F18. Improving Reimbursement for Cognitive Services (Adopted and referred to the Medical Practice and Quality Committee for implementation):

 RESOLVED, that the American College of Physicians (ACP) Board of Regents works with the Centers for Medicare and Medicaid Services (CMS) and third party payors to investigate additional ways to develop and support a more realistic valuation for the level of cognitive services provided and a more equitable alignment with the level of reimbursement paid.

Resolution 10-F18. Reimbursing Tetanus Vaccinations for Better Patient Care (Adopted and referred to the Medical Practice and Quality Committee for implementation):

RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents seeks full coverage under Medicare Part B and Part D of the Td and Tdap vaccine and its administration for all Medicare patients.

91 92	Resolution 13-F18. Developing ACP Policy Opposing the Requirement for Ninety-Day Prescribing in Order That Prescriptions be Covered by Insurance Companies
93	(Adopted and referred to the Medical Practice and Quality Committee for implementation):
94	Auopteu una rejerrea to the Mealcar Fractice and Quanty Committee for Implementations.
95	RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents develops ACP policy opposing any requirement for ninety-
96	day prescribing; and be it further
97	day presentantly, and be rejurche.
98	RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents develops policy opposing any financial penalty to the
99	patient based on the number of days prescribed.
100	patient cated on the name of adje procession
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102	Resolution 14-F18. Calling Upon the ACP to Publicly Support the Consensus Statement
103	Recently Prepared by a Collection of Medical/Health Care Associations Requesting
104	Improvement in the Prior Authorization Process
105	(Adopted as reaffirmation of College policy):
106	[Adopted as reajjimation of conege poney].
107	RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents provides formal public support to at least the broad
108	aspects of the recently published consensus statement¹ of multiple other organizations which
109	calls for an improvement in the Prior Authorization Process thereby increasing the likelihood tha
110	the health care industry will work on improving the preauthorization process.
111	the health care maastry will work on improving the predathorization process.
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113	Resolution 15-F18. Seeking Legislation to Require Medicare Advantage, Medicaid, and Commercial
114	Insurers Pay for Advance Care Planning
115	(Adopted as reaffirmation of College policy):
116	[Auopteu us reaj]iimution of conege poney).
117	RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents seeks Federal Legislation to require Medicare Advantage,
118	Medicaid, and Commercial Insurance to pay for Advance Care Planning whenever and as often
119	as the patient's physician believes that it is appropriate.
120	as the patient's physician believes that it is appropriate.
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122	Resolution 16-F18. Advocating for Immunity from Federal Prosecution for Patients and Physicians in
123	States That Allow Use of Medical Marijuana
124	(Adopted and referred to the Health and Public Policy Committee for implementation):
125	(rapped and rejerred to the realth and rabber only committee for implementation).
126	RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents will advocate for immunity from federal prosecution of
127	patients using medical marijuana and their physicians who certify or recommend such use in
128	accordance with their state's laws.
129	decordance with their state 3 laws.
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131	Resolution 1-F18. Modifying the ACP BOG Resolutions Process to Include an Electronic Vote Count and
132	Summary of Dissenting Opinions
133	The Board of Regents extracted Resolution 1-F18 from the Consent Calendar to discuss. Following
134	discussion, the Board of Regents
135	Voted: to:
136	a) Approve a motion to amend Resolution 1-F18.
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 $^{^{1}\,\}underline{\text{https://www.ama-assn.org/sites/default/files/media-browser/public/arc-public/prior-authorization-consensus-statement.pdf}$

b) Adopt amended Resolution 1-F18 and refer to the Executive Committee Board of Governors for implementation with input from the Health and Public Policy Committee on the 2nd resolved clause.

Rationale:

- (1st Clause) To preserve a record of the supportive and dissenting opinions expressed at BOG Meetings.
- (2nd Clause) The BOR has a fiduciary responsibility to examine the implications of circulating ACP policy deliberations beyond the internal organization.
 RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents (BOR) modifies the ACP Board of Governors (BOG)
 Resolutions Process to include an official electronic vote count for all resolutions and <u>a recorded</u> summary of <u>supporting and</u> dissenting opinions for resolutions that pass with less than a 2/3 majority of those voting, and <u>the vote count and opinion summary this context</u> be included in the report provided to the Board of Regents and preserved in College records for future reference; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents <u>studies</u> <u>study how whether</u> this information <u>would</u> <u>should</u> be made available beyond the Board of Regents.

Resolution 2-F18. Establishing a Council of Independent Practice Internists

The Board of Regents extracted Resolution 2-F18 from the Consent Calendar to discuss.

Following discussion, the Board of Regents

<u>Voted:</u> to refer Resolution 2-F18 to the Governance Committee for study.

<u>Rational</u>e:

The BOR decided to refer for study rather than implementation because of concerns about:

- Precedent setting that might become problematic with other groups
- Possible fragmentation of ACP policy development
- Potential impact on ACP resources

RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents establishes a Council of Independent Practicing Internists, composed of internists practicing in both small and large independent practices, with an elected Vice Chair and Chair who serve on the BOG and BOR, respectively; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents allows this Council to serve to identify and give voice to the College priorities and concerns of independent physicians, as well as strategies to improve work satisfaction, financial stability, and patient care in the independent practice setting.

Resolution 3-F18. Developing ACP Policy Calling for Transparency and Community Learning Towards Physician Suicide Prevention

The Board of Regents extracted Resolution 3-F18 from the Consent Calendar to discuss. Following discussion, the Board of Regents

Voted: to:

- a) Approve a motion to amend Resolution 3-F18.
- b) Adopt amended Resolution 3-F18 and refer to the Ethics, Professionalism and Human Rights Committee for implementation with input from the Education and Publication Committee.

Rationale:

 (1st Clause) To focus the College's efforts from other areas of ACP, not just the ACP Physician Well-being and Professional Satisfaction initiative.

RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents develops a policy statement, independent of, but in addition to and in alignment with the existing ACP Physician Well-being and Professional Satisfaction initiative, that calls on institutions to embrace transparency, accountability, and collaboration as core features of a comprehensive response to an individual physician suicide (including medical students, resident and fellow physicians, and practicing, non-practicing or retired physicians). These three core features should also guide partnerships with the public (e.g. media), the medical community, and other organizations to better understand and intervene upon the alarming nature and socio-organizational context of physician suicides; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents in such a policy statement calls for healthcare and medical education institutions to monitor and improve meaningful physician health outcomes, implement standardized postvention activities and investigative activities, including but not limited to:

- 1) Investigative procedures (e.g. root cause analyses with attention to organizational/environmental contributors or related policies, psychological autopsy, and other activities, such as Morbidity & Mortality conferences, Schwartz Rounds;
- 2) Systematic reporting of investigative findings, while maintaining respect of family members' wishes and abiding by ethical principles of communication about suicide; and
- 3) Provision of compassionate resources, in keeping with 'creating an environment of psychological safety', to support appropriate grieving for peers, colleagues and members of the community of a physician who has completed suicide.

Resolution 5-F18. Promoting the High Value Provided by Primary Care Internists

The Board of Regents extracted Resolution 5-F18 from the Consent Calendar to discuss. Following discussion, the Board of Regents

<u>Voted</u>: to adopt and refer Resolution 5-F18 to the Executive Office for implementation with input from the Health and Public Policy Committee, Education and Publication Committee, and the Membership Committee.

RESOLVED, that the ACP Board of Regents promotes the high value primary care that internists provide, and commits to making it a priority to demonstrate and market the value of the General Internist to the public by:

1. Supporting research to evaluate the care provided by internists, with attention to quality, value, and health system cost savings

2. Establishing the ACP as the premiere educational resource for internists that provide primary care

3. Developing a policy paper on the value of the Internist

4. Developing a sustainability plan for our profession which includes efforts directed at internal medicine trainees to attract them to careers in primary care.

Resolution 6-F18. Elevating the Benefits of the Patient-Physician Relationship - throughout the College's Work

The Board of Regents extracted Resolution 6-F18 from the Consent Calendar to discuss. Following discussion, the Board of Regents

236 <u>Voted:</u> to <u>not</u> adopt Resolution 6-F18. Elevating the Benefits of the Patient-Physician Relationship
 237 throughout the College's Work.

Rationale:

Concerns:

- The wording of the resolution leaves the intent unclear.
- The resolved clause requests *more* studies when studies are bountiful on the benefits of the patient-physician relationship.
- The College already promotes the importance of the patient-physician relationship, including through the Medical Practice and Quality Committee and Wellness Task Force.

RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents studies the most effective ways to elevate, including a review of medical literature, the benefits of the patient-physician relationship throughout the College's work.

Resolution 9-F18. Paying for Physician Performance rather than Patient Performance

The Board of Regents extracted Resolution 9-F18 from the Consent Calendar to discuss. Following discussion, the Board of Regents

<u>Voted</u>: to refer Resolution 9-F18 to the Medical Practice and Quality Committee for study with input from the Performance Measurement Committee.

Rationale:

The BOR decided to refer for study rather than implementation because of concerns about:

- Fostering a "check the box" mentality in working with patients instead of identifying the barriers.
- Needing to identify the larger strategic context for measuring performance. What strategy should be used to measure performance and not penalize physicians for whether patients comply with their recommendations?

RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents works with third party payers and other physician performance review organizations nationally to establish a new standard that measures physician performance considering provision of appropriate advice and guidance, effective and reasonable communication and documentation of that advice; and be it further

RESOLVED, that the Board of Regents works with the American Medical Association and any other organizations measuring physicians through incentive or performance programs to adopt standards that avoid penalizing physicians based on social and systems issues that limit patient adherence to that advice.