

LEARNING Dejectives

• Understand Ochsner Eat Fit + the nutritional criteria

• Define Lifestyle Medicine and role of nutrition in supporting wellness

• Emphasize patient education re. Food as Medicine; develop strategies to implement into practice

• Explore evidence-based nutritional supplementation





EAT FIT 101

- Eat Fit is a nonprofit initiative of Ochsner Health designed to help our communities live their healthiest, strongest lives.
- Community collaborations include working with restaurants to provide nutritious options that make the healthy choice the easy choice
- Supports the common goal of a healthier and stronger community.



EVALUATING THE IMPACT OF EAT Fit



MANAGEMENT Feedback

67%

Attract new customers looking for healthy options

58%

To benefit from Eat Fit Social

36/8

To be included in Eat Fit App

69.4%

Strongly agree or agree restaurants have responsibility to offer healthy food options to customers

68.6/8

Strongly agree or agree that there is a customer demand for healthy food



Jower PERCEPTIONS (N= 608)

Agreed that restaurants have a responsibility to offer healthy food options

Agreed that the restaurant environment supported making healthy food choices

Had positive attitude towards appeal, value, and taste



LIFESTYLE MEDICINE defined

- Therapeutic use of evidencedbased interventions to treat and prevent lifestyle-related diseases in a clinical setting.
- Empowers individuals with knowledge and life skills to make effective changes that address the underlying cause of disease.



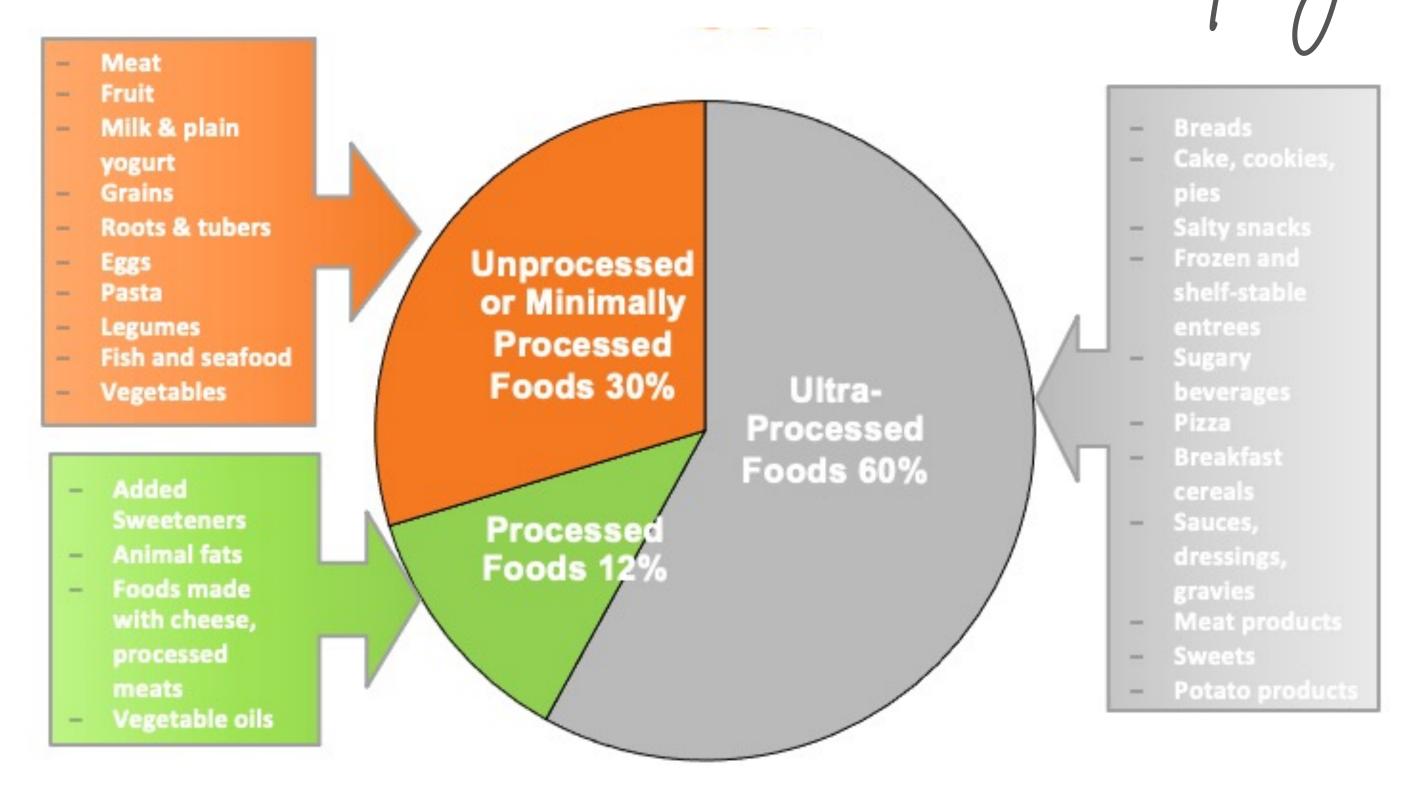
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A CHRONIC PROGRESSIVE DISEASE PROCESS





WHAT AMERICANS ARE enjing



Ifestyle Management STANDARDS OF MEDICAL CARE IN DIABETES | 2019

Lifestyle Management of diabetes includes diabetes self-management education and support (DSMES), medical nutrition therapy (MNT), physical activity, smoking cessation counseling, and psychosocial care.

MNT Recommendations include:

- Individualized eating patterns that keep total calorie & metabolic goals in mind.
- Emphasize nutrient-dense carb sources that are high in fiber vegetables, fruits, legumes, whole grains as well as dairy products.
- Protein intake is typically 15-20% of total calories; though successful management of Type 2 diabetes has been observed with a higher protein intake of 20-30%. Due in part to increased satiety.
- Emphasis on Mediterranean-style diet and intake of long-chain n-3 fatty acids such as fatty fish and nuts and seeds.
- Sodium intake < 2300 mg/day



LIFESTYLE MANAGEMENT (mpac)

Randomized, controlled clinical trial conducted at 27 clinical centers around United States

3,234 participants into one of three groups: *Lifestyle Change, Metformin, or Placebo*

- Found that people at high risk for T2 Diabetes can effectively prevent or delay the disease by losing a modest amount of weight through lifestyle changes (dietary + physical activity).
- Taking metformin was also found to prevent the disease, though to a lesser degree.

Yochsner Eat™ Fit



Food + MENTAL HEALTH

The Effects of Dietary Improvement on Symptoms of Depression and Anxiety: A Meta-Analysis of Randomized Controlled Trials.

- 16 high-quality research trials involving 46,000 people from US, Australia & Europe, ranging in age from 21 to 85.
- Varied widely in approach [e.g. calorie reduction, lowfat, vegan]

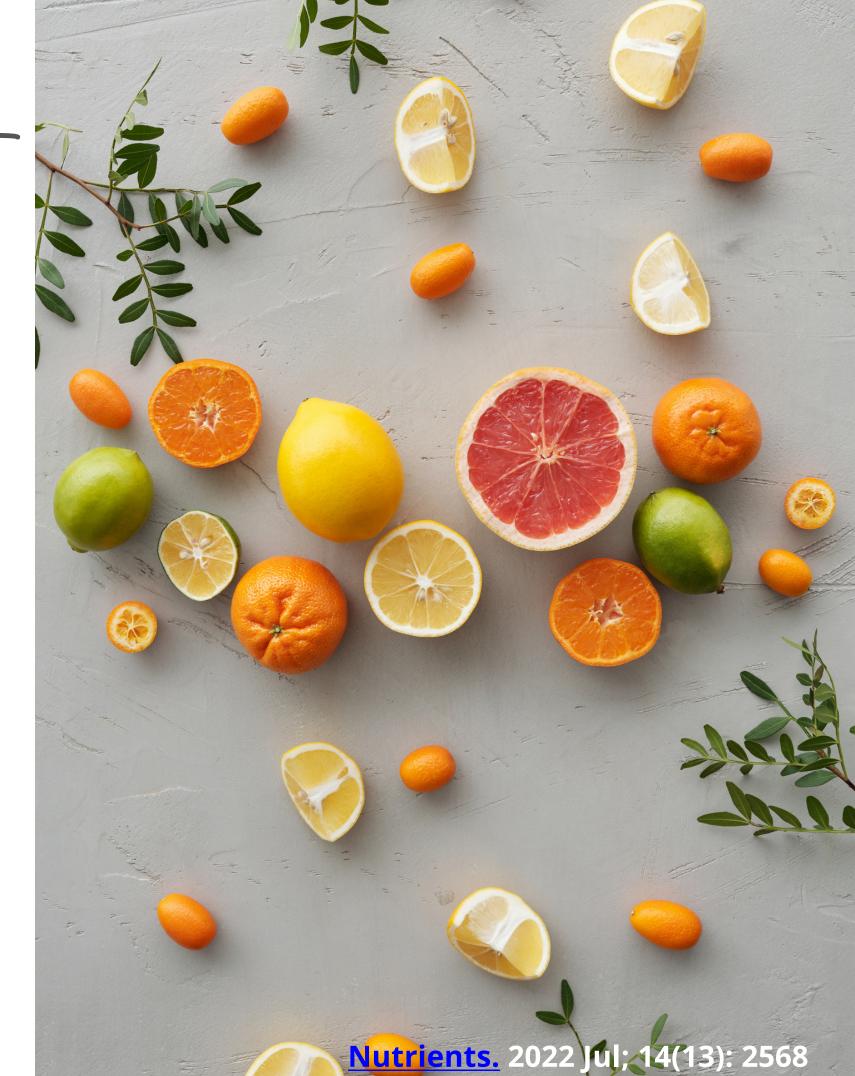
Cochsner Eat Fit

- All 16 resulted in similar conclusions: Dietary improvement can make people feel better.
- "Adopting a healthier diet appears to have a small but significant effect on mood... There were no differences between various types of diets trialed, which might indicate there is no 'secret formula' general benefits just might occur from eating a bit healthier and cutting down on 'junk' foods" study author Joseph Firth

ULTRA-PROCESSED FOOD + +

A Systematic Review and Meta-Analysis of Observational Studies

- Analyzed 17 observational studies, 15 cross-sectional studies, and 2 prospective studies to determine if there is a relationship between ultra-processed food consumption and adverse mental health
- Results: The strongest evidence found a correlation between ultra-processed food consumption as the exposure variable and symptoms of mental health disorders as the outcome.
- Conclusion: 65% of analyses found that intake of ultraprocessed foods was positively and cross-sectionally associated with depression, anxiety, trauma, and stress as well as addiction-related parameters.



ULTRA-PROCESSED FOOD + heart disease

- Ultra-processed foods account for ~58% of total energy intake linking intake to increased risk for obesity, high blood pressure, metabolic syndrome, and T2DM
- Analyzed 3,003 middle aged adults using an FFQ to determine frequency of ultraprocessed food consumption
- Results: During an average of 18 years of follow-up, participants with the highest intake of ultra-processed foods had higher incident rates for CVD.
- Conclusion: Each daily serving of ultra-processed foods is associated with a 7% increase in the risk of hard CVD, 9% increase in the risk of hard CHD, 5% increase in overall cardiovascular disease, and a 9% increased risk for CVD mortality.



ROLE OF DIET IN lifestyte medicine



EAT FIT Priferia



100% WHOLE GRAINS, NO REFINED STARCHES



lean proteins

LOW IN ANIMAL-BASED SATURATED FATS



little to no added sugar

LESS THAN TEASPOON ADDED SUGAR



heart healthy fats

EMPHASIS ON PLANT-BASED FATS



fruits + vegetables

SUPPORTS NOURISHING BEHAVIORS + CHOICES



EMPHASIS ON FLAVOR-ENHANCING HERBS, SPICES



Sodium INTAKE

- Table salt
- Kosher salt, sea salt
- Inherent sodium
- Himalayan pink salt
- Salt added in processing, & more

World Health Organization (WHO) recommends less than 2 grams sodium per day (5 g/day salt)

Average American consumes 3,400 mg per day

70+% sodium consumed is from processed + restaurant foods (CDC, 2020)

Average restaurant meal contains 2,100 mg per 1,000 calories (CDC, 2018)





2325 mg

FATTY SALT SWAPS

Eat Fit Salt Swaps

- Cajun Seasoning: Paul Prudhomme Magic Seasoning (95 mg sodium) vs Tony's Creole Seasoning (325 mg)
 => Savings of more than 1,000 mg per teaspoon
- Swiss, Mozzarella, or Goat Cheese (80-140 mg sodium) VS Cheddar, Feta (~300 mg sodium)
- Tabasco (35mg sodium per teaspoon) VS Louisiana Hot Sauce (260 mg sodium)
- Tortillas 300-600 mg sodium for whole wheat wrap VS corn tortillas (10-35 mg)





LITTLE TO NC

added sugar

EAT FIT DISHES
HAVE LESS THAN 5
GRAMS OF ADDED
SUGAR

Words That Really Just Mean 'Added Sugar'

agave juice agave nectar agave sap agave syrup beet sugar brown rice syrup brown sugar cane juice cane sugar cane syrup clintose confectioners powdered sugar confectioners sugar corn glucose syrup corn sweet corn sweetener corn syrup date sugar dextrose drimol dri mol

dri-mol drisweet dri sweet dri-sweet dried raisin sweetener edible lactose flo malt flo-malt flomalt fructose fructose sweetener glaze and icing sugar glaze icing sugar golden syrup gomme granular sweetener granulated sugar hi-fructose corn syrup

high fructose corn

syrup

honey honibake honi bake honi-bake honi flake honi-flake invert sugar inverted sugar isoglucose isomaltulose kona ame kona-ame lactose liquid sweetener malt malt sweetener malt syrup maltose maple maple sugar maple syrup mizu ame mizu-ame

mizuame molasses nulomoline powdered sugar rice syrup sorghum sorghum syrup starch sweetener sucanat sucrose sucrovert sugar beet sugar invert sweet n neat table sugar treacle trehalose tru sweet turbinado sugar

versatose



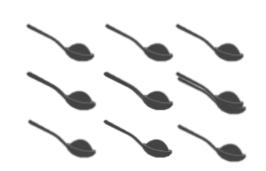
Source: <u>"Sweetening of the Global Diet, Particularly Beverages: Patterns, Trends, and Policy Responses"</u> by Barry M. Popkin and Corinna Hawkes

ADDED SUGAR

6 ADDED SUGARYFOR WOMEN (25 G)



ADDED SUGAR FOR MEN (36 G)









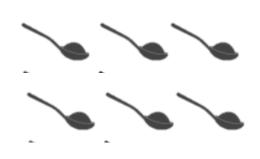
ADDED SUGAR IN A CLIF BAR (20G)







ADDED SUGAR IN CARTON OF YOGURT







SUGARY BEVERAGES +

Pardiometabolic

Sugar-Sweetened Beverages and Cardiometabolic Health: An Update of the Evidence

Vasanti S. Malik^{1,2,*} and Frank B. Hu^{2,3,4}

Sugary drinks are associated with an increase in inflammatory cytokines and cardiometabolic risk factors

- † Blood pressure, triglycerides, LDL cholesterol, blood glucose
- J HDL cholesterol

High intake of sugar-sweetened beverages ---> Increased metabolic risk, weight gain, risk of type 2 diabetes, and coronary heart disease



TIPS TO REDUCE

- Sugar
- Use 25% less sugar, then 50% less in baking & in adding sweeteners
- Add cinnamon, almond extract, and/or vanilla extract for sweetness
- Flavored sparkling waters vs. sugar-sweetened sodas

Natural Plant-Based Sweeteners

[low intensity sweeteners, 70-100% sweet as sugar]

- Swerve or Truvia
- Erythritol
- Allulose

[high intensity sweeteners; 150-250x]

- Monkfruit
- Stevia



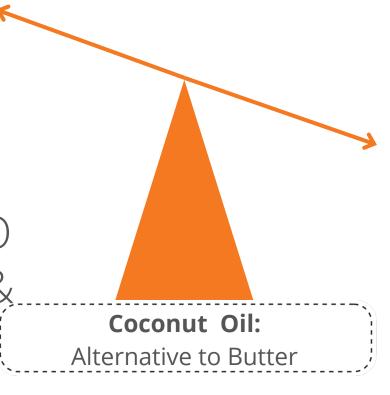


THE 411 ON Fays

MORE OF...

Monounsaturated

- ↓ LDL cholesterol and insulin resistance
- Olive oil, avocado, non-GMO canola oil, nut butter, nuts & seeds



Omega-3's

Cochsner Eat*

- Linked to \$\perp inflammation and depression
- fatty fish, walnuts, flaxseed

LESS OF...

Animal Saturated Fats

- ↑ LDL, insulin resistance
- Animal fats and tropical oils

Trans Fats

- ↓ HDL and ↑ LDL cholesterol
- Man-made hydrogenated" oils
- Processed foods fried, baked, packaged goods

Omega-6's

- Linked to ↑ risk CV ds, inflammatory, autoimmune disease
- Vegetable oils (e.g. soybean, corn, safflower oil)

Processed Ments --- CLASS 1 CARCINOGEN

- Processed meats are classified as a Class 1 Carcinogen => sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in humans.
- Tobacco smoking and asbestos are also both classed as Class 1 Carcinogens
- Processed meat refers to meat that has been transformed through salting, curing, fermentation, smoking, or other processes to enhance flavor or improve preservation.
- eg: hot dogs, ham, sausage, chicken + turkey sausage, corned beef, and beef jerky.



EAT FIT





whole grains

100% WHOLE GRAINS, NO REFINED STARCHES



lean proteins

LOW IN ANIMAL-BASED SATURATED FATS



little to no added sugar

LESS THAN TEASPOON ADDED SUGAR



heart healthy fats

EMPHASIS ON PLANT-BASED FATS



SUPPORTS NOURISHING BEHAVIORS + CHOICES



moderate sodium

EMPHASIS ON FLAVOR-ENHANCING HERBS, SPICES



Augustional ASSESSING Supplements BENEFITS VS RISK



Dietary SUPPLEMENTS

Dietary supplements include vitamins, minerals, amino acids, herbs, botanicals and more

- Available in many forms, including tablets, capsules, powders, energy bars, and liquids.
- Burden of proof and safety is largely on manufacturer.

Top reasons people use supplements include energy, sleep, manage medical condition; also to compensate for poor diet

Questions to ask:

- Is it safe?
- Is it effective?
- Interactions with drugs, supplements, lab tests?



SUPPLEMENT Value

Databases

Natural Medicines Database (starts at \$177/yr)

Examine.com (\$40/yr or \$799 one-time for unlimited access)

Databases provide:

- Background + Common uses
- Safety [safe, likely safe, possibly safe, possibly unsafe]
- Effectiveness
- Dosing + Administration
- Mechanisms of Action
- Standardization and Formulation
- Adverse Effects
- Toxicology
- Interactions with: Drugs, Herbs/Supplements, Foods, Lab tests
- References, links to publications



NUTRITION Kesources +



REFERRING TO A 4



- Know + work with your Social Work team to identify community resources.
- **Develop a Network** within your region + discipline to learn about potential free clinics or clinics with grant funding that provide nutrition counseling to specific populations (e.g. HIV/AIDs, ALS, cancer).
- Within Ochsner Health: Refer via EPIC for self-pay or insurance/Medicare coverage; Support groups (e.g. Diabetes, Bariatric Support Groups)

Other resources within New Orleans:

- Crescent Care offers sliding scale for MNT to patients with a PCP at Crescent Care.
- Daughter's of Charity Clinics: Nutritional counseling on sliding scale
- St Thomas Clinic on Magazine: Nutritional counseling on sliding scale
- WIC clinics provide one-on-one nutrition education + free nutrition classes for target audience.





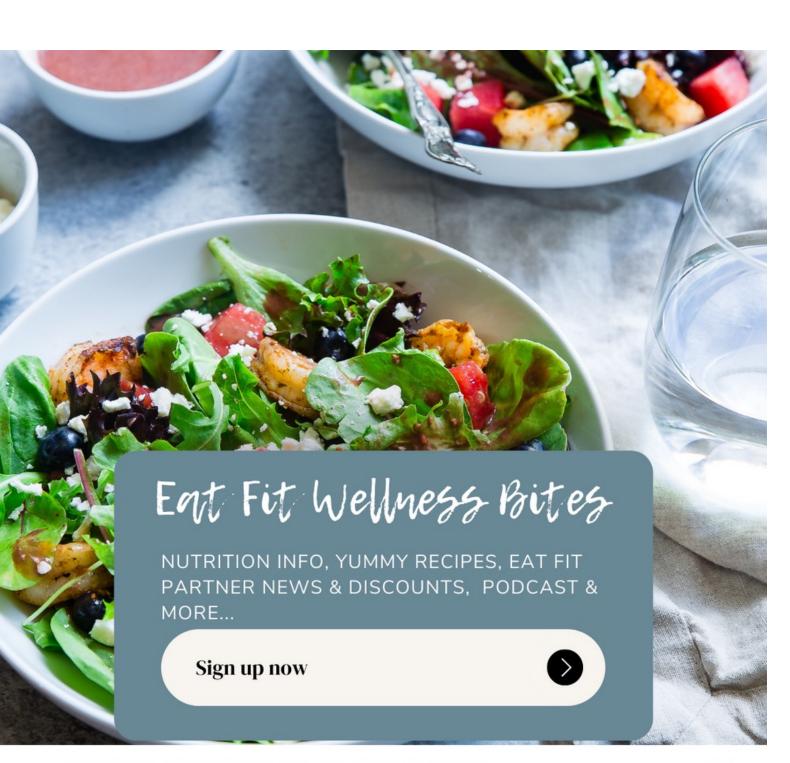
EAT FIT App

- Nutrition facts for Eat Fit dishes
- Recipes
- Cooking videos
- Brand-specific shopping guides
- Exclusive offers + discounts



ADDITIONAL Keyonery





Ochsner Eat Fit YouTube

Eat Fit DIY recipe videos

Weekly Eat Fit Wellness Bites

E-Newsletter with nutrition education

Ochsner Eat Fit RDs | nutrition@Ochsner.org

Ochsner 'To Your Health' Blog

Alcohol Free For 40 Challenge

Austions?





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